One more method for increasing the service of railroad wooden sleepers. Rev cailor fer 11 no. 12: 690-692 D ' 63.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 10 Vol 10/11 Obstetrics Nov 57

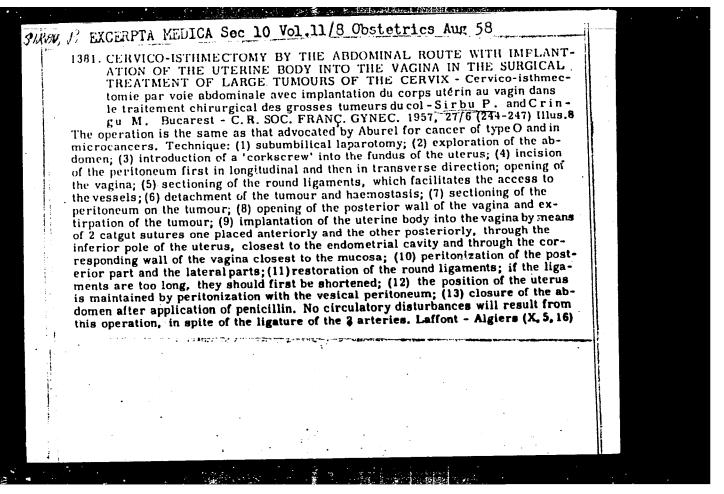
1928. SÎRBU P., TEODORU G.C., TEODORESCU I. and RĂDULESCU I. * Cercetari asupra hidremiei tisulare, permeabilității și rezistenței capilare la gravide. Tissue hydraemia, permeability and resistance of capillaries in pregnancy OBSTET.GINEC. (București) 1956, 4/3 (234-240)

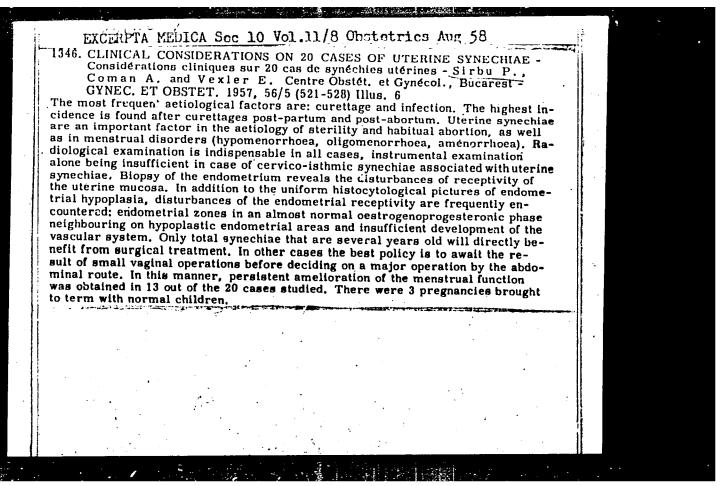
Using Odier's technique with i.v. injection of sodium rodanate, a study was made on the volume of extracellular water (rodane space) in normal and in pathological pregnancies. It was found that the amount of water in the 'rodane space' in normal pregnancy was slightly increased (26%) as compared with non-pregnant women (24%). In pregnant patients suffering mainly from decompensated heart diseases, cirrhosis, hepatonephritis, disorders of pregnancy, especially eclampsia, markedly increased figures were observed (35-45%). In disorders of pregnancy it was confirmed that the increase of water in the 'rodane space' occurred before the clinical manifestations and that it may also have a prognostic value. Likewise with Landi's technique the capillary permeability was found to be slightly increased during pregnancy and considerably increased in the case of disorders of pregnancy. A slight diminution of the capillary resistance (Von Borbely's test) was observed towards the end of pregnancy, although it remained between the normal values observed outside pregnancy.

Aburel - Bucharest

化二硫化 医多形 化医毒性 医小体 计 EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 10 Vol 10/12 Obstetrics Dec 57 2154. SIRBU P., MURESAN V., TEODORU G.C., PASCU F., TOMESCU I. and RADULESCU T. Centre d'Obstét., et de Gynécol., Bucarest, "Etudes expérimentales dans la chirurgie de la stérilité. Experimental studies in the surgical treatment of sterility C.R.SOC.FRANÇ. GYNEC. 1956, 26 6 (288-294) Illus. 6 Report on experiments with arterial and venous homografts in the uterine horn of the dog. After resecting 2 or 3 cm. of the intra-uterine portion of the fallopian tube, first a vein was grafted in a first series, then an artery in a 2nd series; in both cases the lumen of the grafted vessel was obstructed. In a 3rd series, in which use was made of an arterial graft with a mandrin of methyl metacrylate, preservation of the arterial lumen was observed in spite of the fibroblastic reaction of the tissues (it is not stated whether the mandrin was removed before biopsy was taken). It would be interesting to see what happens with the arterial lumen several days or several weeks after withdrawal of the mandrin. A gradual slipping of the covering epithelium of the uterine norn over the horders of the fragment of the preserved artery was observed, which suggests the possibility of an epithelization of the arterial graft provided that a mandrin maintains its permeability. Gaudefroy - Lille

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550820010-9"

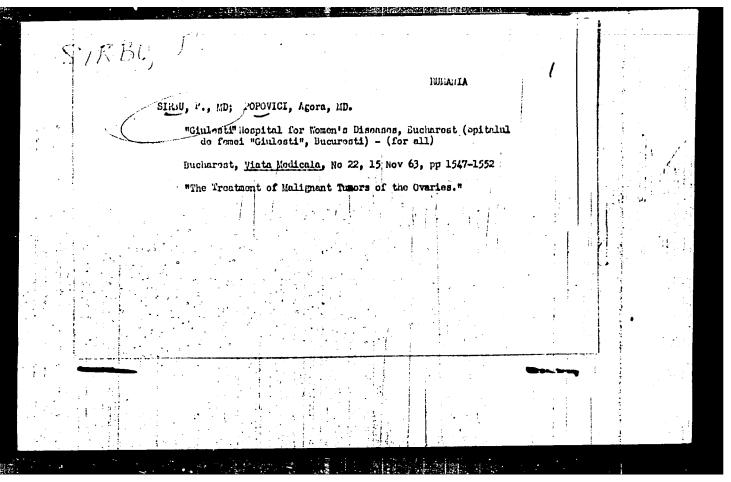




SYNDE. P. [Sirbu, P.]; BUTNARU, I. [Bitnaru, I.]; PEUNESKU, V. [Peinescu, V.], student

Interadnexal hysterectomy with preservation of the endometrial flap in the treatment of multiple fibroma of the uterus. Akush. i gin. 37 no.1:76-79 '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Iz rodil'nogo doma Zyuleshty (Bukharest).
(UTERUS-TUMORS) (HYSTERECTOMY)



SIRB!, Rodica, ing.; Foreth, wains, ing.

[Modibilities of utilization of inc exchange resist for analyzing enjoying dyestuffs. Industria usoars 11 no.3:109-111 Mr/64

SIRBU, Rodica, ing.; FEKETE, Raisa, ing.; ELOPATAKI, Ladislau, dr;

Contributions to the knowledge of indigenous synthetic tannins. Industria usoara 10 no.6:225-227 My '63.

IUGA, Gheorghe, ing.; Dl. Constantin, ing.; SIRBU, Rodica, ing.

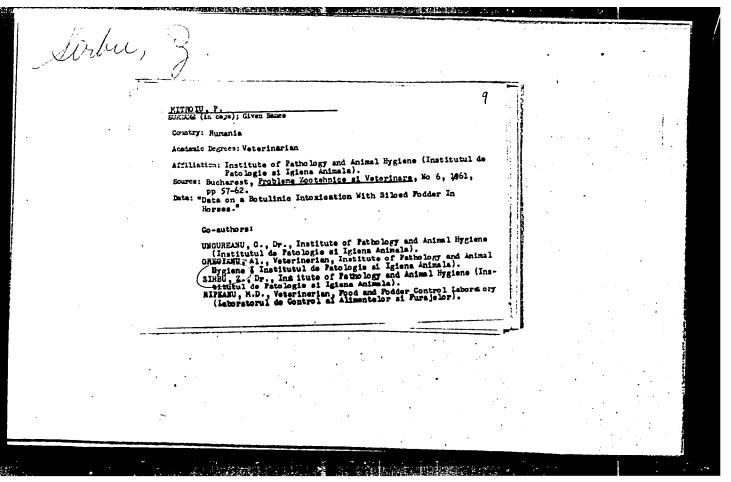
Hydrophily of leathers tanned with polyaromatic substances.
Industria usoara leathers 1324-336 Ag '63.

the second and the first of the second of

STANESCU, N., ing.; SIRBU, V., ing.

Control station for the purification of the residual water in the pulp, paper, and artificial fiber industries. Cel hirtie 14 no.1:27-30 Ja 165.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550820010-9"



RUMANIA

SIRBU, Z., Dr of the I.C.V.B. "Pasteur" [Institutul de Cercetari Veterinare si Biopreparate "Pasteur"; "Pasteur" Institute for Veterinary Research and Biological Products] and NISTOR, Tr., Dr, of the Slaughter-House of Bucharest (Abatorul Bucuresti).

"A Case of Pseudo-Tumoral Tuberculosis of the Lrachea in Cattle."

Bucharest, Revista de Zootehnie si Medicina Veterinara, Vol 13, No 11, Nov 63, pp 74-75.

Abstract: A clinical case report of a 14-year old cow of the Rumanian Baltata breed. The histological examination revealed the presence of tuberculosis bacilli.

Includes 1 figure and 4 references, of which 2 Rumanian, 1 French and 1 Russian.

1/1

SIMBU, Zamfir, dr.

Blood groups. St si Teh Buc 16 no.11:16-17, 44 N '64.

1. "Pasteur" Institute for Veterinary Research and Biopreparates.

RUMANIA

CROITORU, I. I., Dr, and <u>SIRBULESCU</u>, <u>C.</u>, Dr, of the Oltenia Regiune Agricultural Council (Consiliul Agricol Regional Oltenia).

"Results of the Gynaecological Investigation of Livestock in Oltenia Regiune."

Bucharest, Revista de Zootehnie si Medicina Veterinara, Vol 13, No 8, Aug 63, pp 39-45.

Abstract [Authors' English summary modified]: As a result of their analysis of the gynecological study, the authors recommend such a study as the starting point for any artificial insemination practices. In existing stations, such studies should be carried out every autumn in order to estimate the results of the past year and to take the appropriate technical and organizational measures that will lead to an increase in fecundity.

Includes 23 references, of which 2 German, 1 French and 20 Rumanian.

1/1

THODORESCU, P. Prof.; BERCHANU, St., Ir.; LILIS, M. Dr.; SIRBULESCU, R. Pr.

काह्यत्र कर्षे

Endomyocardofibrosis; clinical and morphopathological aspects. Hed. int., Bucur. 9 no.5:74-751 May 57.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica s VI-a medicala I.M.F. a Spitalului Dr. I. Cantacuzino. (EMART DISEASES

endomyocardial fibrosis, clin. & mathol. aspects)

TEODORESCU, P.; SIRBULESCU, R.

The U wave in clinical electrocardiography. Med. int., Bucu., 10 no.4: 575-584 Apr 58.

1. Clinica a III-a medicala I.M.F., Bucuresti.
(ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY
U wave & TU segment in various pathol. cond.)

The second section of the section of

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TEODORESCU, P.; STEFAN, I.; LILIS, M.; SIRBULENCU, R.; CONSTANTINESCU, P.;

TINCU, S.

The adrenal glands & cardiac failure: functional tests & therapeutic attempts. Ramanian M. Rev. 3 no.1:15-21 Jan-Mar 59.

(GONGESTIVE HEART FAILURE adrenal cortex funct. & prednisone ther.)

(ADRENAL CORTEX, physiol.

in congestive heart failure, application to prednisone ther.)

(PREDNISONE, ther. use congestive heart failure, indic. by adrenal cortex funct.)
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TEODORESCU, P., prof.; STEFAN, I.; LILIS, M.; SIRBULESCU, R.; TINCU, S.; POMPILIAN, P.

Contributions to the functional characterization of the adrenal cortex in heart failure. Rumanian M Rev. no.1:272 Ja-Mr '61.

1. Medical Clinic, Cataruzino Hospital, Medicopharmaceutical Institute, Bucharest. Head of the Clinic: Prof. P. Teodorescu.

(ADRENAL CORTEX physiology) (HEART FAILURE, CONGESTIVE physiology)

The state of the s

TEODORESCU, P., prof.; LILIS, M., dr.; STEFAN, I., dr.; TINCU, Silvia, chemist; SIRBULESCU, R., dr.; POMPILIAN, P., dr.; CUCU, N., dr.; STERIAN, Ielanda

Treatment with sulfonamide diuretics in refractory cardiac insufficiency. Med. intern., Bucur 13 no.1:121-135 Ja '61.

(HEART FAILURE, CONGESTIVE therapy) (CHLOROTHIAZIDE related cpds)

TEODORESCU, P., prof.; CARP, C., dr.; SIRBULESCU, R., dr.;

Etiopathogenetic and clinical study of 50 cases of unstable bundle branch block. Med. intern., Bucur 13 no.2:179-193 F '61.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica medicala, Spitalul "Bernat Andrei", I.M.F. Bucuresti.

(HEART BLOCK)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550820010-9"

A STATE OF THE STA

E. C. Herry A. Wall of Sales Conference

TEODORESCU, P., prof.; SIRBULESCU, R., dr.; DEGERATU, T., dr.; POMPILIAN, P., dr.; NICOLAFSCU, V., dr.; GEORGESCU, M., dr.

Clinical and therapeutic aspects of fixed and malignant forms of arterial hypertension. Med. inter., Bucur 13 no.3:353-358 Mr '61.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala I.M.F., Bucuresti. (HYPERTENSION therapy)

TEODORESCU, P., prof.; SIRBULESCU, R., dr.; POMPILIAN, P., dr.; DEGERATU, T., dr.; TINCU, S., chim.

Treatment with guanethidine in severe forms of hypertensive disease. Med inter 15 no. 5:613-617 My '63.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a III-a medicala, Spitalul "Bernat Andrei" I.M.F., Bucuresti.
(HYPERTENSION) (GUANETHIDINE)

NICOLAESCU, V.,dr.; SIRBULESCU, R.,dr.; ANGHEL, E., dr.; CIMPEANU, S.,dr.; TEODORESCU, P., prof.

Comparative study of the effectiveness of drug therapy in hypertensive disease. Med inter 15 no. 5:631-637 My 163.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica medicala a Spitalului
"Bernat Andrei" (director: prof. P. Teodorescu)
(HYPERTENSION) (VASODILATOR AGENTS) (RESERPINE)
(HYDROCHLOROTHIAZIDE) (GUANETHIDINE) (HYDRALAZINE)

RUMANIA

SIRBULESCU, V., Eng, of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine (Facultatea de Medicina Veterinara), Bucharest.

"Aspects Concerning the Effect of Selection in Terms of the Criterion Aimed at and the Intensity of Selection in the Improvement of the Milk Production of Cows."

Bucharest, Revista de Zootehnie si Medicina Veterinara, Vol 16, No 10, Oct 66, pp 56-62.

Abstract: The author studied the effectiveness of using quantity of milk and/or percentage of fats and proteins as criteria for selection; the study involved 194 cows of the Rumanian Baltata strain, followed during the lactation period, for whom the selection difference and selection effect data are presented. Because of the negative correlation between the criteria, it is concluded that an appropriate combination of all three factors must be used for best results in the improvement of milk production.

Includes 4 tables and 12 references, of which 9 Rumanian,

two German and one French.

1/1

SIRCA, D., dr.

False-negative L.E.phenomenon. Med. intern. (Bucur.) 16 no.6: 671-675 Je 164

1. Lucrare efectuata la S.M.B., "Victoria", Regiunea Crisana.

SIRCA, F.

Introduction to the metallography of iron-carbon alloys. (To be contd.) p. 81 VARILNA TEHNIKA, Ljubljana, Vol 3, No. 3, 1954

SO: EEAL, Vol 5, No. 7, July, 1956

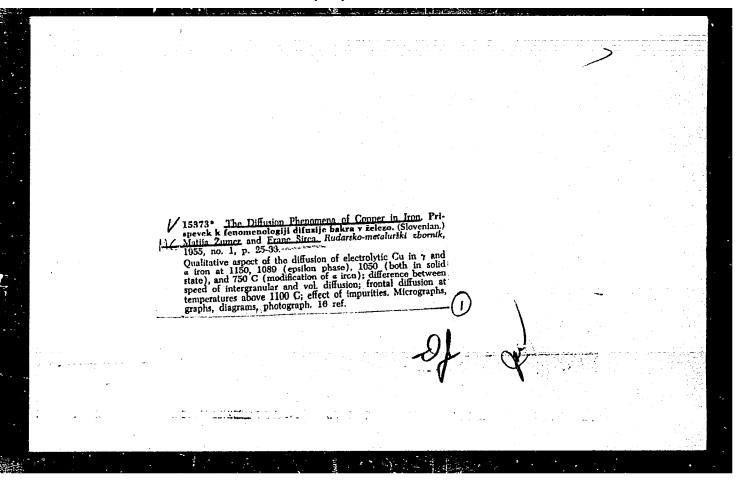
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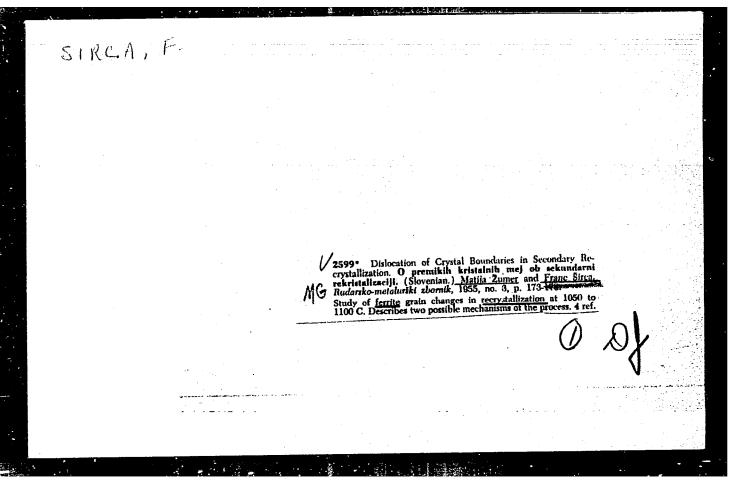
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550820010-9"

SIRCA, F.

Introduction to the metallography of ironcarbon alloys. p. 118. Vol. 3, No. 4, 1954. VARILNA TEHNIKA. Ljubljana, Yugoslavia.

SOURCE: East European Accessions List, (EEAL) Library of Congress, Vol. 5, No. 8, August, 1956.





SIRCA, Franc, dr., ing., docent

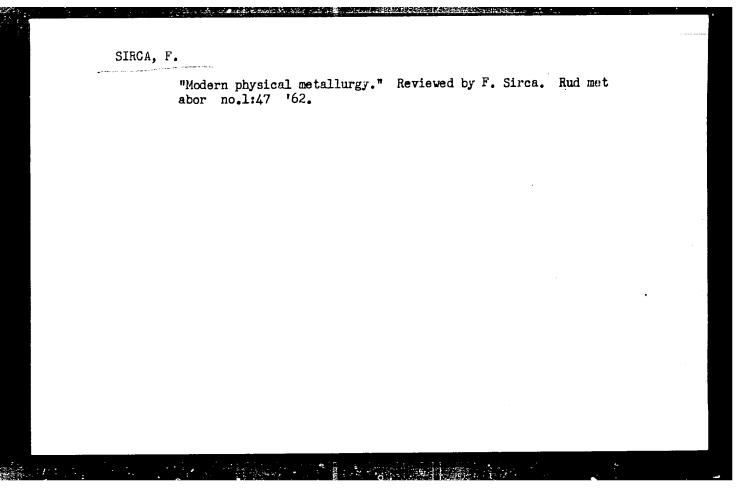
The influence of alphagene elements on the diffusion of copper in alpha ircm. II. Rud met zbor no.4:377-387 161.

l. Oddelek za montanistiko Fakultete za naravoslovje in tehnologijo Univerze v Ljubljani Askerceva 20, Ljubljana.

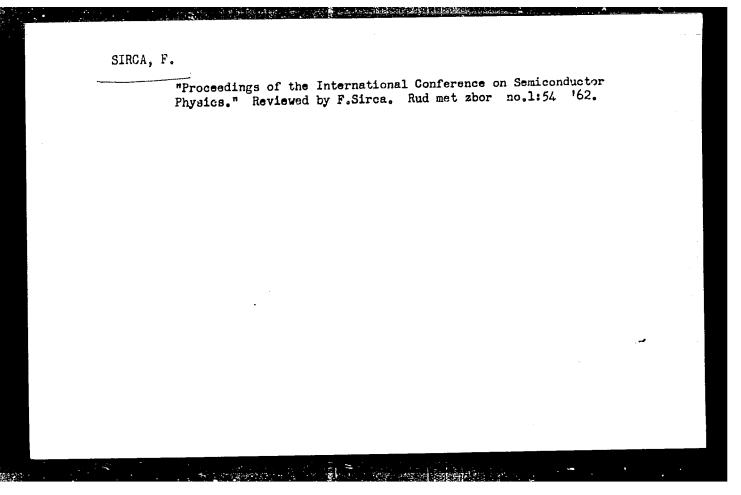
(Diffusion) (Copper) (Iron)

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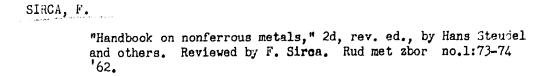
"Metallographic atlas of unified steels." F Rud met zbor no.1:54 '62.	Reviewed by F.Sirca.	



"Lessons on metallurgy and metallography" by Raffaello Zoia.
Pt. 1: "General principles;" Pt. 2: "Siderurgy." Reviewed by
F. Sirca. Rud met zbor no.1:73 '62.

"Quantum mechanics" by John L. Powell and Bernd Crasemann.
Reviewed by F. Sirca. Rud met zbor no.1:77 '62.

**	"Elements of physical metallur Reviewed by F. Sirca. Rud met	gy" by Albert G. Guy. 2d. zbor no.1:69-70 '62.	ea.	
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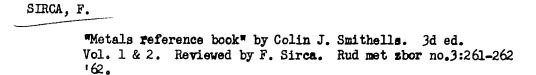


SIRCA, Franc, dr. inz., docent; KOSOVINC, Ivan, inz., asistent

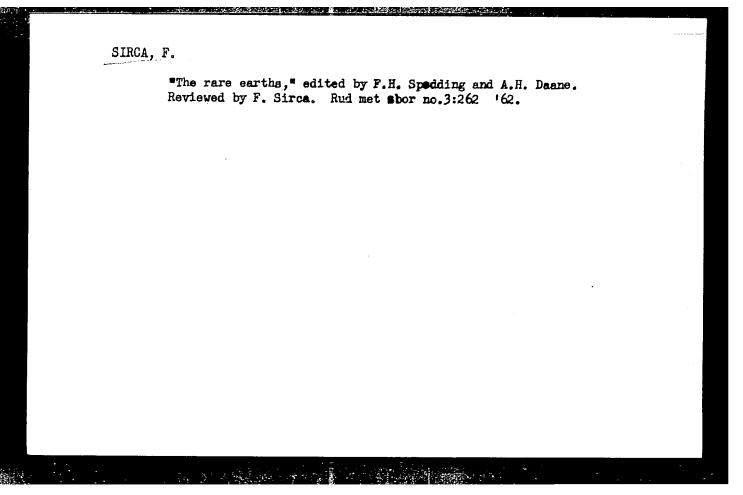
Use of colored photography in heat etching of metals and castings. Rud met zbor no.3:209-217 '62.

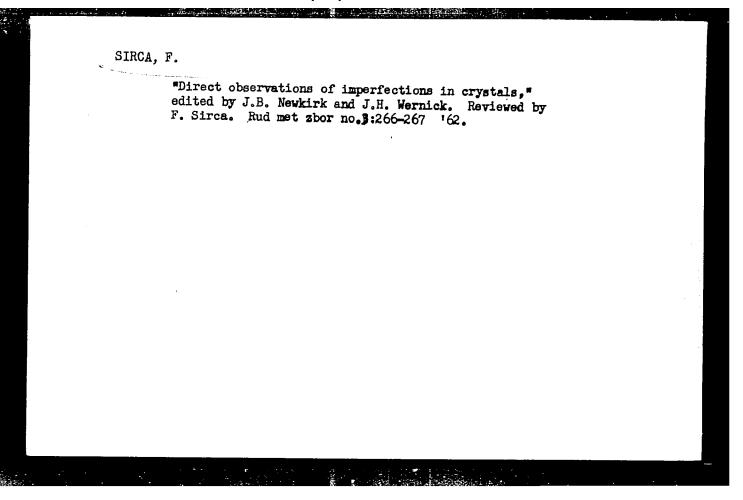
1. Katedra za metalografijo na oddelku za montanistiko Univerze v Ljubljani, Askerceva 20, Ljubljana.

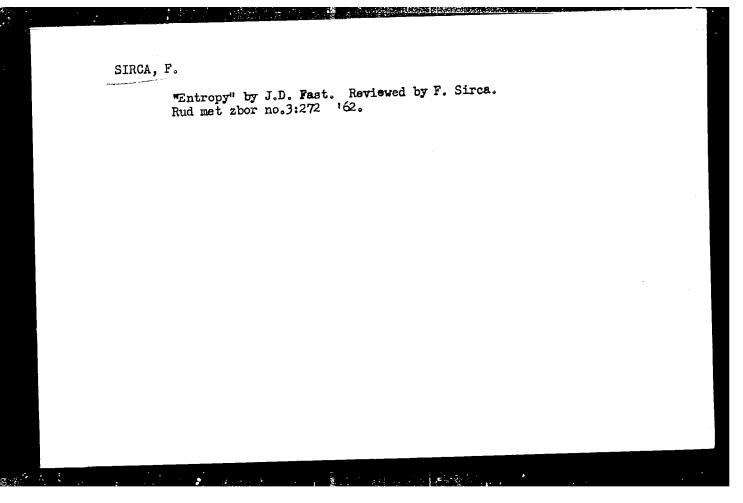
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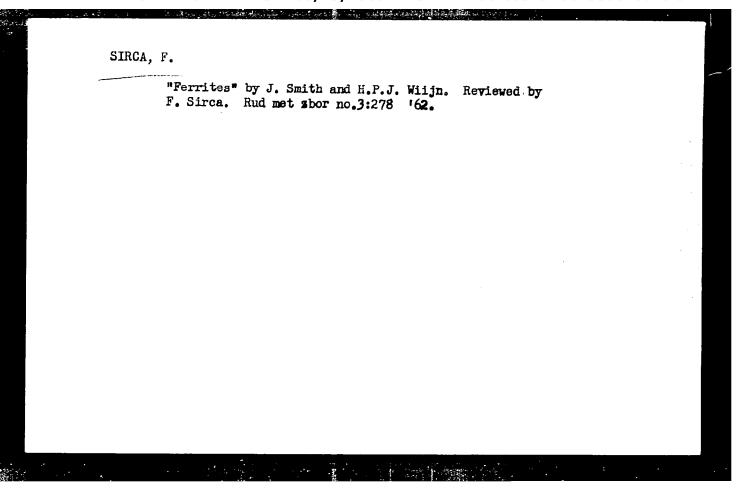


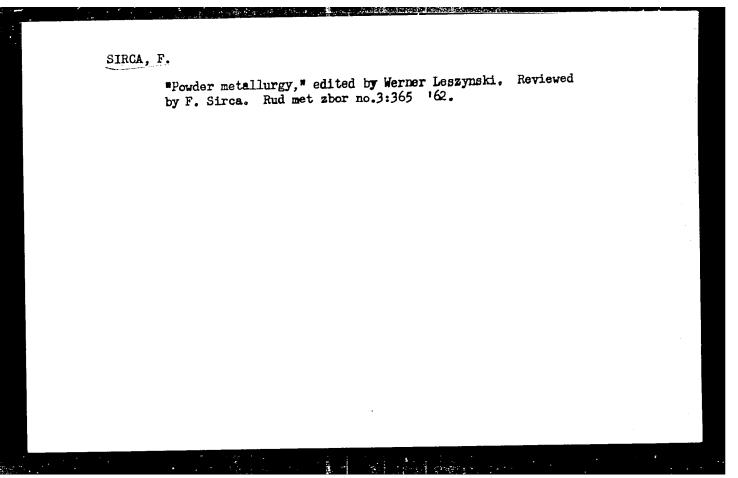
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SIRCA, F.

"Abstract on nuclear energy" by G. Cahen, and P. Treille.

3d ed. Reviewed by F. Sirca. Rud met zbor no.1:77 '63.

K. Cazafura; PAVKO, D.; SIRCA, F.; KERSNIC, Viktor, prof. dr. inz.; KOSAK, K.; GRAFENAUER, S.; PODGORNIK, A.; KERNC, J.; DOBOVISEK, Bogomir, docent, dr. inz.; OCEPEK, Drago, docent, dr. inz.; HOMAN, A.; MARCEC, M.; RANKEL, J.; CRNIVEC, M.; SMAJIC, N.; CUCEK, I.; KERSNIC, V., ml.; VODOPIVEC, F.

THE COLUMN TO SERVICE WAS ASSESSED.

New books. Rud met zbor no. 2:144-187 '63.

- 1. Glavni urednik, "Rudarsko-metalurski zbornik" (for Viktor Kersnic).
- 2. Clani Uredniskega odbora, "Rudarsko-metalurski zbornik" (for Dobovisek and Ogepek).

the state of the s

Simulat, k.

Special, A. Applying mechanisation to methods of building earthworks and transportation in roal construction. p. 632.

Vol. h, No. 8/9, Aug./Sept. 1956. CESTE I POSTOVI TECHNOLG Zegreb, lugoslavia

So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 2, February 1957

STRCELJ. M.

Building of the cable railroad in Anhovo: p. 6, (GLASNIE, VOL.S, No. 41/42, 1956/57

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC Vol. 6, No. 12, Dec. 1957 Uncl.

Installing and servicing the "Heka" echo depth sounder. Rech.transp.

17 no.10:50-52 0 '58.

(Sonar) (Inland navigation)

Making an intermediate entry at a speed of 250 m. per month. Shakht.stroi. 4 no.7:28-29 J1 '60.

1. Shakhts "Krasnopol'sknya-Gluboknya" (for Sirchenko).

2. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledowatel'sky institut organizatsi i mekhanizatsii shakhtnogo stroitel'stva (for Silin). 3. Khar'-kovskiy gornyy institut (for Lobunets).

(Mining engineering)

VELIKIY, I.G., inzh.; NOVIKOV, N.V., inzh.; SOKOLOV, A.Kh.;

SIRCHENKO, I.P.

I.S. Rod'kin's book "Wentilation in the course of mine building."

Shakht, stroi. 5 no.8:30 Ag '61.

1. Trest Kadiyevpodzemshakhtostroy (for Velikiy, Novikov).

2. Shakhta Mariya-Glubokaya (for Sokolov). 3. Shakhta

Krasnopol'ye-Glubokaya (for Sirchenko).

(Mine ventilation)

SIRCHENKO, V.A., inzh.; SHUSTIKOV, G.S., inzh.

Mechanized production line in the fish freezing section.

Mechanized production line in the fish freezing section.

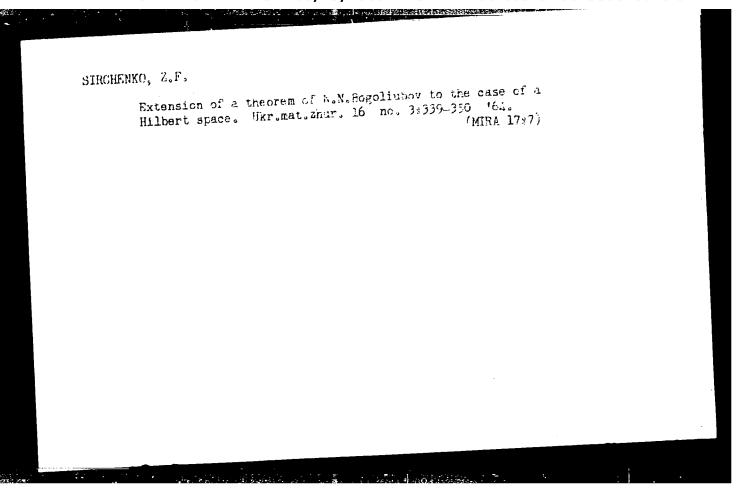
(MIRA 15:1)

(Refrigerator ships)

SIRCHENKO, Z.F.

Existence and properties of an almost periodic solution to an equation of standardized form in Hilbert space near the equilibrium point. Dop. AN URSR no.9:1132-1135 (MIRA 1':II)

1. Institut matematiki AN UkrSSR. Predstavleno akademikom AN UkrSSR Yu.A. Mitropol'skim [Mytropol's'kyi, IU.O.].



16,3500

37530 \$/041/62/014/002/007/008 B172/B112

AUTHOR:

Sirchenko, Z. F.

TITLE:

Application of the method of mean values to partial

differential equations

PERIODICAL:

Ukrainskiy matematicheskiy zhurnal, v. 14, no. 2, 1962,

222-227

TEXT: A hyperbolic equation containing a perturbation term,

 $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = \gamma u + \epsilon F(t, x, u, \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}), \text{ where } \epsilon \text{ is a small parameter, is}$

considered under certain initial and boundary conditions; and approximate solutions with an accuracy ϵ^{m} (m = 1,2,3,...) are sought. For this purpose the partial differential equation is reduced to an infinite system dz

 $\frac{dz}{dt} = \epsilon Z_n(t, z_k) \quad (n, k = \pm 1, \pm 2, ...) \text{ with } z_n(t) \text{ as unknowns. Systems approximating to this can be obtained by averaging, for instance,}$

Card 1/2 '

Application of the method of mean ...

S/041/62/014/002/007/008 B172/B112

 $\frac{dz_n}{dt} = \epsilon M \left\{ Z_n(t, z_k) \right\} \quad (n, k = \pm 1, \pm 2, ...) \text{ as a first approximation, whence}$

a linear, infinite system is obtained. The conditions for convergence are due to D. S. Los'. A detailed description of the procedure, in which $z_n(t)$ can be calculated successively, is given for two particular functions F.

SUBMITTED:

August 20, 1961, Kiyev

Card 2/2

SIRCHICH, I., OUNZ, Piestany

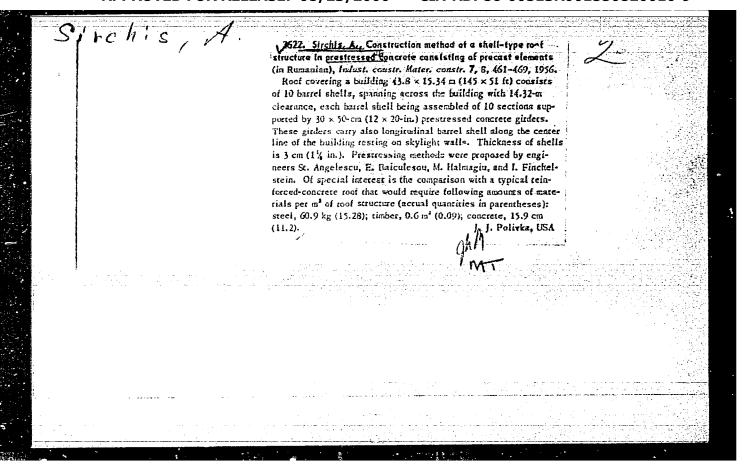
Diabetes in children. Lek. obsor 3 no.5:282-285 1954.

1. I detakeho oddeleni CUMI Piestany
(DIARRIES MELLITUS, in infant and child diag. & ther.)

VASHCHENKO, M.A.; SIRCHIN, A.M.

Method of registering electroexcitability of the muscles using a piezocrystal. Zhur. nevr. i psikh. 62 no.2:291-292 '62. (MIRA 15:6)

1. Institut infektsionnykh bolezney AMN SSSR, Kiyev.
(ELECTROMYOGRAPHY)
(PIEZOEIECTRIC SUBSTANCES)



the state of the s

SIRCHIS, A.; BAICULESCU, E.

Construction of an industrial passageway of prefabricated concrete; design and execution. p. 191.

REVISTA CONSTRUCTIILOR SI A MATERIALELOR DE CONSTRUCTII. (Asociatia Stiintifica a ^Inginerilor si Tehnicienilor din Rominia si Ministerul Constructiilor si al Materialelor de Constructii) Bucuresti, Rumania. Vol. 10, no. 4, April 1958.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC Vol. 9, no. 2, Feb. 1960

Uncl.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550820010-9"

SIRCHIS, A.

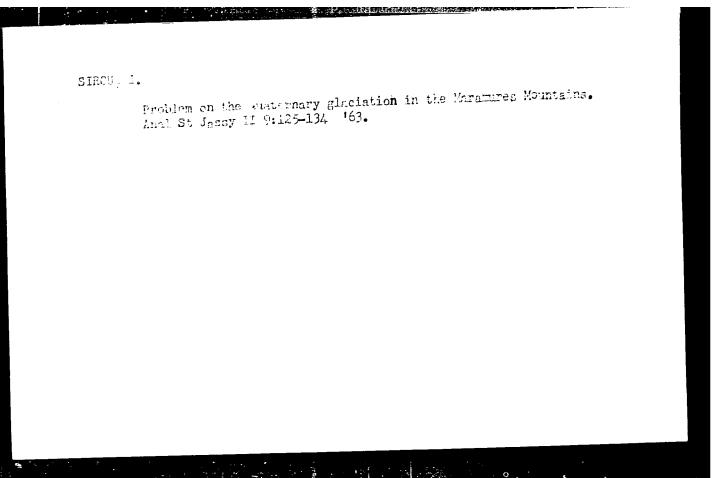
A method of returning sluing cranes. p. 224.

REVISTA CONSTRUCTIII.OR SI A MATERIALEI.OR DE CONSTRUCTII. (Asociatia Stiintifica a Inginerilor si Tehnicienilor din Rominia si Ministerul Constructiilor si al Materialeor de Constructii) Bucuresti, Rumania. Vol. 10, no. 4, April 1958.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC Vol. 9, no. 2, Feb. 1960

Uncl.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550820010-9"



SIRCU, I., conf. univ. (Iasi)

Some data connected with the Quaternary glacial epoch in the Rumanian Eastern Carpathians. Natura Geografie 16 no.3:24-31 My-Je '64.

SIRCZ, Janos

Safety engineering of ferroalloy manufacture. Munkavedelem 10 no.7/9% 25-29 64.

1. Scientific Research Institute of Labor Protection of the Central Council of Hungarian Trade Unions, Budapest.

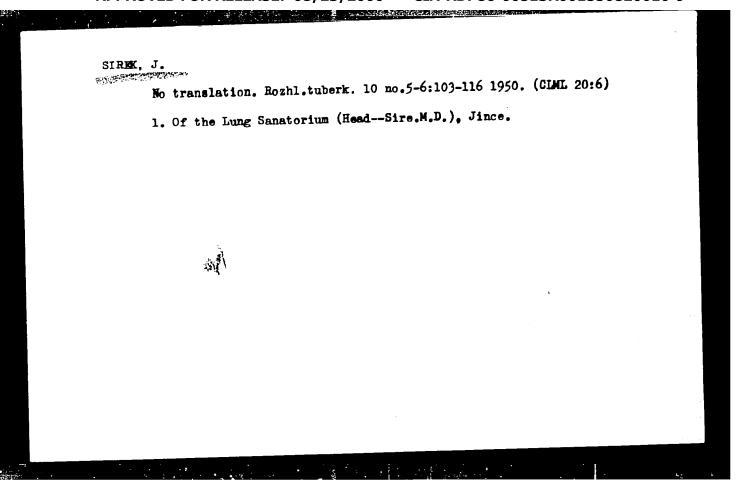
FISHER, S.L.; PERMINOV, A.M.; RADCHENKO, I.I.; PODDUBNYY, I.Ya.; LOBACH, M.I.; BELGORODSKIY, I.M.; Prinimali uchastiye: VALENINA, V.F.; GRECHANOVSKIY, V.A.; UKHALOV, N.T.; ATLASOVA, L.A.; SIRE, Ye.M.; PANOV, P.I.

Manufacture of butadiene-styrene (methyl-styrene) rubber according to the iron-trilon-rongalite compounding formula with the use of rosin emulsifiers. Kauch i rez. 22 no.1:9-15 Ja '63.

(MIRA 16:6)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sinteticheskogo kauchuka imeni S.V.Lebedeva.

(Rubber, Synthetic) (Styrene)



SIREK, 0. (6370)

II Int. Klin., Stockholm. Cholin ako lipotropny faktor Choline as a lipotropic factor Bratislavske Lekarske Listy, Bratislava 1949, 29/2 (39-40 and 187-199) Illus. I

There are four theories attempting to explain the influence of choline on lipid metabolism: Choline (1) is a methyl donor, (2) is a factor controlling the oxidative processes in liver, (3) accelerates the transport of lipids. (4) is a component of a coenzyme of unknown nature. According to the author's survey of the literature, the role of choline in fat metabolism is not yet certain.

Wenig - Prague

So: Excerpta Medica, Vol. II, No. 12, Sec. II, December 1949

SIREKANYAN, Rafael Vardanovich; MKRTUMYAN, E.A., md.; CHAKHALYAN, TS.P., tekhn.red.

[Theory of the smooth running of a crawler tractor with a semirigid running gear] Teoriia plavnosti khoda gusenichnogo traktora s poluzhestkim khodovym ustroistvom. Erevan, Izd-vo M-va sel'.khoz.Armienskoi SSR, 1959. 174 p.

(MIRA 13:11)

(Crawler tractors--Dynamics)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550820010-9"

L 00268-66 E/T(1)/T/FCS(k) WR ACCESSION NR: AP5024724

UR/0108/65/020/008/0031/0038

AUTHOR: Pokras, A. M. (Active member of scientific technical society for radioengineering and electrical communication); Sirenev, V. S. (Active member of scientific technical society for radioengineering and electrical communication)

TITLE: Compact antenna with a radiation pattern that is omnidirectional in the horizontal plane and compressed in the vertical plane

SOURCE: Radiotekhnika, v. 20, no. 8, 1965, 31-38

TOPIC TAGS: omnidirectional antenna, antenna engineering, antenna radiation

ABSTRACT: A new compact antenna with an omnidirectional radiation pattern for use in air navigation or TV broadcasting is reported. The antenna operates in the centimeter band, and the pattern in the horizontal plane is circular, with a deviation of less than ±2db for a 12% frequency band. Half-power beamwidth in the vertical plane does not exceed 6°.

Card 1/8

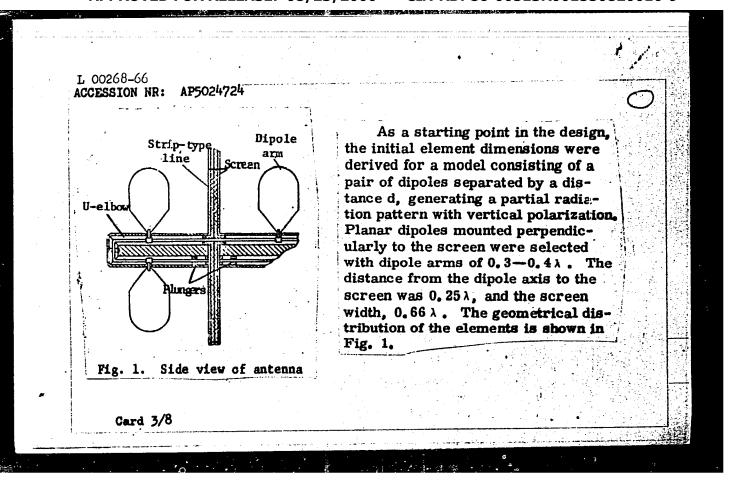
L 00268-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5024724

The new omnidirectional antenna is claimed to surpass the achievements of Willoughby and Heider — the Australians who have developed a vertically polarized parabolic antenna — and those of an American team headed by S. R. Jones — developers of a uhf TV antenna now mounted on the Empire State Building. The Soviet antenna does not have the large vertical side lobes of the Australian model, and its circular horizontal pattern is more uniform than the ±5.5 db specified for the American model. In addition, its physical size is smaller than either model.

The omnidirectional pattern with circularity of ± 2 db for a 12% frequency band is achieved by two dipole arrays symmetrically distributed on the opposite sides of the screen. The beamwidth of the radiation pattern in the vertical plane is controlled by the array length, while the required circularity is attained by the dipole shape and dimensions, the distance of the dipole from the screen, and the width of the screen.

Card 2/8

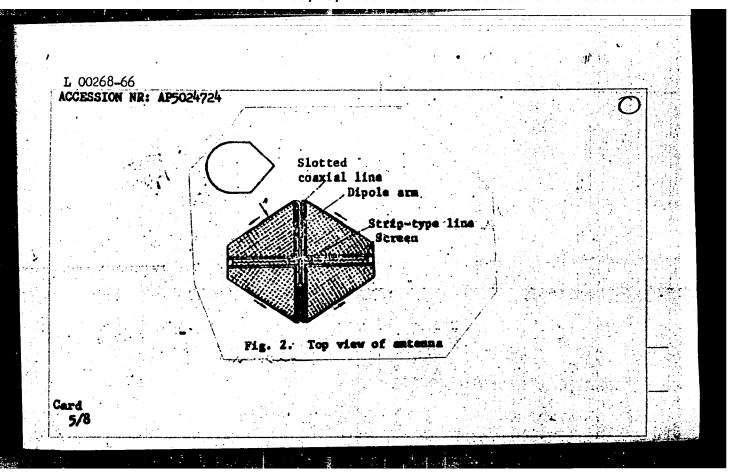


L 00268-66 ACCESSION NR: AP5024724

The 200—250-n input impedance of the dipole matched with the 50-n strip line from the supply system by a balanced feed method utilizing a U-elbow to ensure equal in-phase currents in the radiator elements and simultaneously to compensate for the reactive component of the input impedance. A traveling-wave ratio of 0.8 in the 12% frequency band is thereby attained.

In order to achieve a circular radiation pattern with horizontal polarization, a pair of dipoles was located on the opposite sides of a screen (Fig. 2) and fed out of phase. The angle between the dipole arms is of predetermined magnitude to facilitate formation of the loop current necessary for the establishment of a uniform omnidirectional pattern. The optimum distances the establishment of a uniform omnidirectional pattern. The screen width were between the dipoles and the screen, the dipole angle, and the screen width were established experimentally. The balancing scheme with the U-elbow could not be used for the horizontal polarization system since it reduces the circularity of the radiation pattern. Instead a balancing system in the form of a coaxial line with a slot in the outer sleeve was used. While this system assures

Card 4/8



L 00268-66

ACCESSION NE: AP5024724

compactness, it introduces reactive components in the dipole input impedance, and an additional matching section is necessary to establish a traveling-wave ratio of 0.75 in the 12% frequency band.

The choice of the number of dipole elements is dictated by two contradictory considerations: 1) simplification of the feeder system, which points to a minimum number of elements, and 2) reduction of spurious radiation, which implies a maximum number of elements. With the chosen geometrical configuration and the requirement that the half-power beam-width be $\theta = 5^{\circ} - 7^{\circ}$, it was established that the number of elements needed was 4, 8, or 16. The best choice was found to be an eight-element array. Although the eight-element array forms considerable side lobes at $\theta = \pm 90^{\circ}$, they are easily attenuated to negligible levels by making the distance between the elements D = λ_0 (for vertical polarization) and D = 0.9 λ_0 (for horizontal polarization).

Card 6/8

L 00268-66

ACCESSION NR: AP5024724

For the feed system, a "Y" configuration was selected. It introduces constructional and manufacturing difficulties but assures an in-phase and balanced supply independent of frequency because the electrical path length to each element is equal. In this way the frequency band is limited only by the frequency range of the radiating elements. In order to avoid parasitic radiation, a balanced strip transmission line is utilized. The antenna input power is divided evenly between the radiating elements by the feed system, which includes a power divider, horizontal and vertical type coaxial-strip connectors, and impedance transformers. The antenna is protected from climatic changes by a solid cylindrical enclosure. The performance characteristics of the antenna are summarized in Table 1.

ASSOCIATION: Nauchno-tekhnicheskoye obshchestvo radiotekhniki i elektrosvyssi im. A. S. Popova (Scientific-technical Society for Radioengineering and Electro-Communication)

SUBMITTED: 170ct63

ENCL: 01

SUB CODE: EC

NR REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 006

FSB v. 1, no. 10

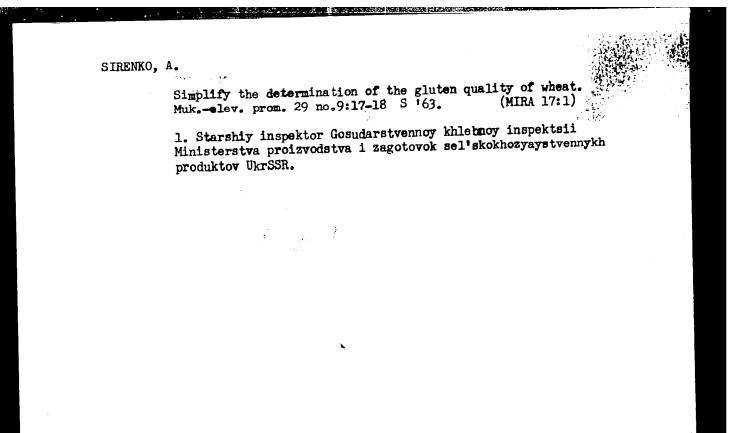
Card 7/8

)268 – 66 SSION NR:	AP5024	724	•		CLOSURE: 01	$\overline{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$			
	Ta	ble	1. Ante	nna performan	ce ch a r	açte	riețice		
Antenna polari-	Ga	in,	db	Max TWR in 12% band			larity , db	Half-power vertical	
zation	0.94 f ₀	f ₀	1.06 f ₀		0.94 f	4 f ₀ f ₀ 1.06 f ₀		beamwidth	
Hori- zontal	10.3	10.5	7.8	0.65	±1.7	±1.35	±1.8	.6.0°—6.8°	
Ver- tical	10.7	11.1	10.3	0.61	±1.4	<u>+</u> 1.5	±1.45	6.3°—7°	
8/8									

SIRENKO, A.; ZHUK, N., starshiy inzh.

Determining weed content of grain by the standard sample method. Muk.-elev. prom. 27 no.10:21-22 0 161. (MIRA 14:12)

1. Gosudarstvennaya khlebnaya inspektsiya Ministerstva zagotovok USSR. 2. Starshiy inspektor Gosudarstvennoy khlebnoy inspektsii Ministerstva sagotovok USSR (for Sirenko). (Grain—Analysis)



SIRENKO, A.

"Simplify the method for determining and calculating broken kernels in corn. Muk.-elev. prom. 29 no.7:27 Jl '63. (MIRA 17:1)

the contract of the section of the s

1. Starshiy inspektor Gosudarstvennoy khlebnoy inspektsii Ministerstva proizvodstva i zagotovok sel¹skokhozyaystvennykh produktov UkrSSR.

SIRENKO, A.F., vetvrach

In vivo bacterilolgical investigation of the blood of animals. Veterinariia 36 no.3:76 Mr 159. (MIRA 12:4)

1. Voroshilovgradskaya mezhsovkhoznaya vetbaklaboratoriya. (BLOOD....ANALYSIS AND CHEMISTRY)

PA - 1565 CARD 1 / 2 USSR / PHYSICS SUBJECT

PINES, B. JA., SIRENKO, A.F. AUTHOR

the control of the co

Some Rules Governing the Mechanic Properties of Samples Produced TITLE by the Baking of Metal Powders.

II. Tests at Increased Temperatures.

Zurn. techn. fis, 26, fasc. 10, 2378-2386 (1956) PERIODICAL

Issued: 11 / 1956

The first report (B.JA.PINES, N.I.SUCHININ, Zurn.techn.fis, 26, 7 (1956)) showed that the mechanic strength of porous "metallic ceramic" samples (obtained by pressing and annealing metal powders at one and the same temperature) depends linearly on porosity.

The present work describes breaking strength tests carried out at temperatures of up to 900°C in a H2 atmosphere with samples of compressed powder which had previously been annealed for different lengths of time at a temperature of 1000° C. On this occasion load velocity was modified by 100 times its original amount. For samples of equal porosity which were tested at $\sim 900^{\circ}$ C the linear connection between the logarithm of load velocity and the value for strength resulting from the dependence of "life" on stress was confirmed. Samples with different porosity show a linear decrease of the strength p with a

growing porosity η also when tested at high temperatures (with load velocity remaining constant), so that it is possible to determine the value for strength which is extrapolated for a growing porosity. The aforementioned linear connection

Zurn techn fis, 26, fasc 10, 2378-2386 (1956) CARD 2 / 2 PA - 1565 between p and η holds not only in the case of one-phase samples, but also in the case of mixtures of Cu + Fe-, and of Cu + Ni-pcwders. The strength p extrapolated for the porceity O has the following dependence on concentration also at 800 = 900° C (and at room temperature) in the annealed samples of the binary pcwder mixtures: $p = p_1 (1-\epsilon)^2 + p_2 \epsilon^2 + 2 p_{12} \epsilon (1-\epsilon)$. Here p_1 and p_2 denote the strength of the pure components at one and the same temperature, and p_{12} may be interpreted as the strength of contact with different signs. The aforementioned relation has been experimentally confirmed for samples of Cu + Fe and Cu + Ni powder mixtures. The values of elongation to breaking point are lower in porous samples and at high temperatures than in compact (cast) samples. In samples made from powder mixtures the are lower than additive values. The linear dependence of the elongation of the sample holds also on the occasion of tests carried out at high temperatures.

INSTITUTION:

SIRENKG A.F.

57-8-32/36

AUTHORS TITLE

Sukhinin N.I. Pines, B.Ya. Sirenko, A.F. Sintering of Non-Single-Phase Bodies. III. Sintering of

Mixtures Containing Low-melting Components.

(Spekaniye neodnofaznykh tel. III. Spekaniye smesey,

soderzhashchikh legkoplavkiye komponenty.)

PERIODICAL

Zhurnal Tekhn. Fiz., 1957, Vol. 27, Nr 8, pp. 1893-1903

(USSR)

ABSTRACT

The authors show that the contraction of pressed material of a single-component (copper-)powder essentially depends on the initial porosity caused by the pressure of compression, or more exactly by the presence of the closed gasfilled pores. With the increase of pressure the contraction magnitude becomes smaller and furtheron its sign changes, i.e. the contraction is replaced by an "increase", the measurements of the pressed material becoming greater after sintering. The dependence of contraction on the pressure increases and becomes more complicated in the case of the sintering of powder-mixtures of copper with lowmelting additions of Pb, Sn, Bi, Cd. The additions promote the formation of closed pores which can lead to an "anomalous" decrease of contraction and also to "increase". The comparing investigations in vacuum and gas at atmospheric pressure, as well as an investigation of the sintering of

CARD 1/2

318ENKG 11.1.

AUTHORS TITLE

57-8-33/36 Pines, B.Ya., Sirenko, A.F., Sukhinin, N.I. Some Regularities of Mechanical Strength of Bodies Prepared by Sintering of Metal Powders. III. The Case of Powder Mixtures Containing Low-melting Components. (Nekotoryye zakonomernosti mekhanicheskoy prochnosti u tel, poluchennykh spekaniyem poroshkov metallov. III. Sluchay, kogda smesi poroshkov soderzhat legkoplavkiye

Zhurnal Tekhn. Fiz., 1957, Vol.27, Nr 8, pp. 1904-1911 (USSR)

ABSTRACT

PERIODICAL

The authors show that the mechanical strength p of singlephase-powderpressed pieces which were burned of a powder of plastic metal (Cu) and at high temperature (1000°C) decreases with the increase of porosity within wide limits (0-40%) in such a way as would have to be expected in the case of a reduction of cross-sectional area. Here p depends only on the final porosity but not on the initial porosity of the pressed material. In the case of pieces pressed of Cu-powder mixture with low-melting components (like Pb and Sb) at 10000 an anomalous dependence of the real strength limit on the porosity η is observed. The dependent strength limit p' (in relation to the initial sample cross-section) changes with η in a normal way. These anomalies disappear in the case of weakly pressed samples and of samples with

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CARD 1/2

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PINES, B.Ya.; SIRENKO, A.F.

Temperature dependence of the mechanical strength and durability of powdered metals under load. Fis. tver. tela 1 no.2:275-283 F '58.

(MIRA 12:5)

(Cermets--Testing)

PINES, B.Ya.; SIRENKO, A.F.; SUKHININ, N.I.

Regularity of mechanical strength in solids prepared by the sintering of metal powders. Issl. po zharopr. splav. 3:326-338 '58.

(MIRA 11:11)

(Powder metallurgy) (Strength of materials)

AUTHORS: Pines, B. Ya. and Sirenko, A. F. SOV/126-6-2-9/34

TITLE: The Sintering of Ternary Metal Powder Mixtures

(O spekanii troynykh smesey metallicheskikh poroshkov)

PERIODICAL: Fizika Metallov i Metallovedeniye, 1958, Vol 6, Nr 2, pp 261-267 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Ternary mixtures are examined, and shown to exhibit the same square-law variation of shrinkage and yield point with component concentration as is shown by binary mixtures. Moreover, it is shown that the relevant constants in the laws can be derived from values for the corresponding three binary mixtures, by which they are completely defined, provided no complicating features, such as fusion of one of the components, or diffusion of one into another, occur. Fig.1 shows isothermal shrinkage curves for binary mixtures in the Ni-Cu-Fe system for brief, 15 mins and 3 hour heating to 1000°C respectively. Fig.2 shows the same for two ternary mixtures in this system (3.5 hours at 1000°C). Fig.3 reproduces Fig.1, but for the yield point, and Figs.4 and 5 Fig.2 in the same way. Fig.6 shows some data for the

Card 1/2

The Sintering of Ternary Metal Powder.Mixtures SOV/126-6-2-9/34

extension to rupture.
There are 6 figures and 4 references, all of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Khar'kovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet imeni A. M. Gor'kogo (Khar'kov State University imeni A.M.Gorkly)

SUBMITTED: November 27, 1956

Card 2/2 1. Metal powders--Sintering 2. Sintering--Test results

AUTHORS:

Pines, B. Ya., Sirenko, A. F.

SOV/57-58-8-23/37

TITLE:

Self-Diffusion and Heterodiffusion in Inhomogeneous Porous Bodies (Samodiffuziya i geterodiffuziya v neodnorodnykh

poristykh telakh)

II. The Direct and the Inverse Frenkel' Effect (II. pryamoy

i obratnyy effekt Frenkelya)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, 1958, Nr 8, pp. 1748 - 1752

(USSR)

ABSTRACT:

The Kirkendall effect (displacement of the neutral marks at the boundary of interdiffusing metals) is caused by the inequality of the partial diffusion coefficients. This effect does not predetermine the occurence of an additional porosity during diffusion. This is determined by the vacancy mechanism of diffusion. This effect was mentioned by Frenkel (Frenkel') a long time ago. Therefore, it is only fair to call it Frenkel effect. It can, however, also be interpreted by a self-diffusion of vacancies, which is due to the inequality of the partial coefficients of beterodiffusion. Apart from the direct Frenkel

Card 1/2

coefficients of heterodiffusion. Apart from the direct Frenkel effect an inverse Frenkel effect must be expected. This effect

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SOV/57-58-8-23/37

Self-Diffusion and Heterodiffusion in Inhomogeneous Porous Bodies, II. The Direct and the Inverse Frenkel' Effect

is represented by a heterogeneity of concentration (produced by means of a rising diffusion), when the partial self-diffusion in the alloy is inhomogeneous. The inverse Frenkel effect was found experimentally in the sintering of samples of grains consisting of Cu-Ni-, Fe-Ni- and α -brass alloys. The quantitative investigation of this effect is being continued. The results of this study will be published later.

There are 2 figures, 1 table, and 5 references, 3 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION:

Gosudarstvennyy universitet im. A. M. Gor'kogo, Khar'kov

(State University imeni A. M. Gor'kiy, Khar'kov)

SUBMITTED:

June 28, 1957

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AUTHORS:

Pines, B. Ya., Sirenko, A. F.

57-1-20/30

TITLE:

On the Sintering of Mon-Singlephase Bodies (O spekanii neodnofaznykh tel). IV.On the Sintering of Powder Alloys of Difficultly Fusible Metals (IV. Spekaniye smesey proshkov

tugoplavkikh metallov).

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal Tekhnicheskoy Fiziki, 1950, Vol. 28, Nr 1, pp. 150-158 (JSSR)

ABSTRACT:

In this work data are given which were obtained on the occasion of sintering of binary powder alloys of difficulty fusible metals. It is demonstrated that on the occasion of the sintering of samples for which double alloys of difficultly fusible metals Cr-Mo, Cr-W, Ni-W were pressed together, a square dependence of the atrophy as well as of the tensile strength on the concentration was observed. The same character of the concentration dependence of the atrophy-resistence and the tensile strength with various systems, the components of which form limited and unlimited solid solutions is caused by the fact that the sintering process in the powder alloy leads to nonadditive effects due to the occurrences at the boundary of unlike grains. The total surface of the uhlike contacts in the compound depends on the & as well as also on the £(1 - £)concentration. The new formation of porosity if it occurs due to unlike partial hetero-diffusion,

Card 1/2

On the Sintering of Non-Singlephase Bodies. IV.On the Sintering 57-1-20/30 of Powder Alloys of Difficultly Fusible Metals.

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shows equally a concentration dependence of £ (1 - £). With mixtures of Cr-Mo and Cr-W-powders a partial diffusion of the Cr-atoms is mainly observed on the occasion of annealing at high temperatures. This agrees with the less bound heat of vaporization of Cr With mixtures of the Ni-W-powders only a diffusion of the W-atoms in Ni is observed. In this case the rule on the prevailing diffusion of the component atoms with the less bound vaporizing heat is not valid since Ni and W have different crystal lattices and the solubility of Ni in W is very little. There are 13 figures, 9 references, 8 of which are Slavic.

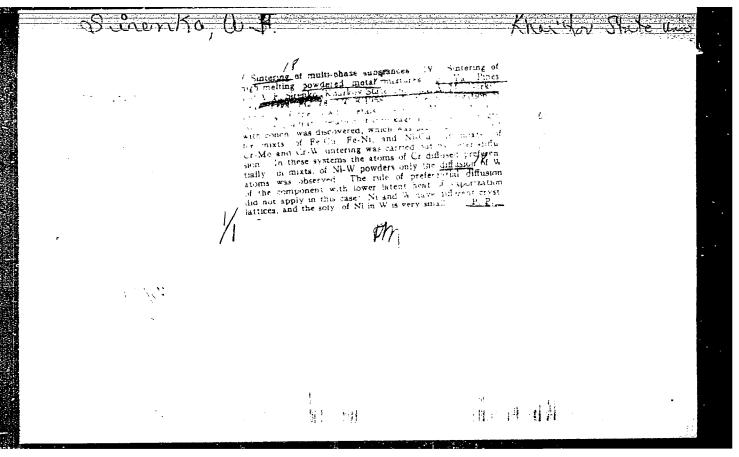
ASSOCIATION: Khar'kov State University imeni A. M. Gor'kiy (Khar'kovskiy

gosudarstvennyy universitet i... A. M. Gor'kogo).

SUBLITTED: November 24, 1956

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card 2/2



23(0) AUTHORS: Pines, B.Ya., Sirenko, A.F., Mel'nik, L.G. SOV/57-28-10-36/40

TITLE:

On the Resolving Power of the So-Called High-Dispersion X-Ray Photography (O razreshayushchey sposobnosti tak nazyvayemogo

vysokodispersionnogo rentgenografirovaniya)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal tekhnicheskoy fiziki, Vol 28, Nr 10, pp 2344-2347 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

This is a comparison of the resolving power of a reversal photograph as dependent upon the distance between the film and the sample. It was found that no increase in the resolving power of X-ray photographs is achieved even if the distance between film and sample is varied between 90 - 750 mm. An increase of D exceeding 100 to 150 mm is proved not to be expedient. This is due to the circumstance that when the resolving power of the photograph at great D is maintained, the negative influence of X-ray dispersion in air becomes more pronounced (leading to an increase of background in the X-ray photographs, and in a longer exposure of the photographs). There are 3 figures, 1 table, and 6 references, 6 of which are Soviet.

Card 1/2

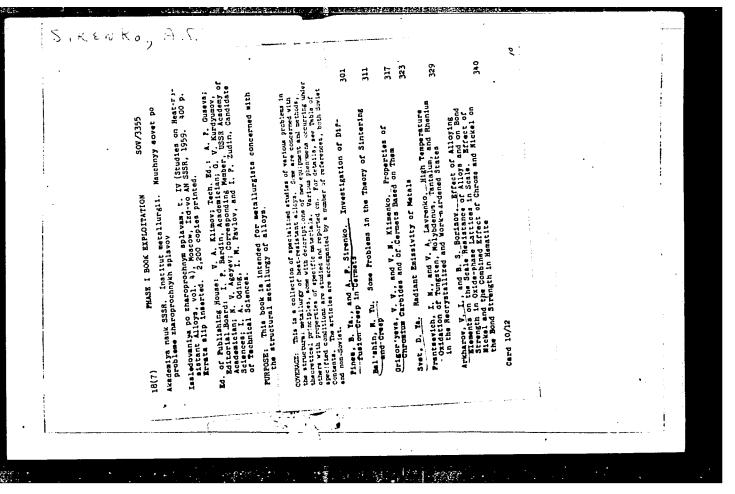
On the Resolving Power of the So-Called High-Dispersion SOV/57-28-10-36/40 X-Ray Photography

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SUBMITTED: November 10, 1957

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SINTERO, A.F., Cand Phys-Nath Sci — (diss) "Caking and creeping of metallocormaic bodies." Fhar'hov, 1959. Il pp (Min of Higher Education UMSSR. Fhar'hov Order of Labor Red Banner State U in A.M. Gor'kiy), 150 copies. Bibliography at end of text (12 titles) (MI, 29-59, 125)

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PINES, B.Ya.; SIRENKO, A.F.

Investigating diffusion creep in ceramic metal materials.

Issl.po zharopr.splav. 4:301-310 *59. (MIRA 13:5)

(Ceramic metals--Testing) (Creep of materials)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R001550820010-9"

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